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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL F	LER: Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.		
			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
	PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use	e P.O. Box No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
545 Fifth Avenue, Suite	te 1108		
	(No. and Street)		
New York,	New York		10017
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC AC	CCOUNTANT whose opinion is con	-	
	-	ntained in this Report* ate last, first, middle name)	
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street	(Name - if individual, sta New York	ate last, first, middle name) New York	10004
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street (Address)	(Name - if individual, sta	ate last, first, middle name)	10004 (Zip Code
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street (Address) CHECK ONE:	(Name - if individual, ste New York (City)	ate last, first, middle name) New York	
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street (Address) CHECK ONE: X Certified Public Address	(Name - if individual, sta New York (City) Accountant	ate last, first, middle name) New York	
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street (Address) CHECK ONE:	(Name - if individual, sta New York (City) Accountant	ate last, first, middle name) New York	
Grant Thornton LLP 60 Broad Street (Address) CHECK ONE: X Certified Public Accountant	(Name - if individual, sta New York (City) Accountant	ate last, first, middle name) New York (State)	
	-	-	

must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,_	James Phillips	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my		tatement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
_	Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.	, 2012 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	December 31 ther the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	al officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	VERONICA D. DE LOS SANTOS Notary Public, State of New York No. 01DE6066570 Qualified in Queens County Commission Expires March 3, 20 4	Signature Chief Compliance Officer Title
	Vermal le b Svd Notary Public	
Th	is report ** contains (check applicable boxe	es):
X	(a) Facing Page.	
X	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
[x]	(c) Statement of Operations.	
X	(d) Statement of Member's Equity.	
X	(e) Statement of Cash Flows.	
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordina	ated to Claims of Creditors.
X	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
$\overline{\Gamma}$	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve R	equirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Co	ntrol Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	Computation for Determination of the Reser	lanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the ve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. audited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
X	(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	(n) A report describing any material inadequacie	s found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**	For conditions of confidential treatment of c	vertain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d) and Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. (a Delaware limited liability company)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	1 - 2
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Condensed Schedule of Investments	4 - 12
Statement of Operations	13
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity	14
Statement of Cash Flows	15
Notes to Financial Statements	16 - 22
Supplementary Information	
Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	24



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member of **Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. (a Delaware limited liability company) (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial condition, including the condensed schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures. These additional procedures included comparing and reconciling the information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information contained in Schedules I is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

New York, New York February 28, 2013

Count Thantam Up

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. Statement of Financial Condition

As of December 31, 2012

ASSETS	
Securities owned, at fair value (cost \$132,110,982) Receivable from clearing broker Interest receivable	\$ 135,516,099 16,935,058 753,283
Total assets	\$ 153,204,440
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
LIABILITIES Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value (proceeds \$79,938,611) Due to Telemetry Investments, L.L.C.	\$ 82,207,921 510
Total liabilities	82,208,431
Member's equity	70,996,009
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 153,204,440

December 31, 2012

Unit	Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
Securities owned, at fa	air value			
Common stocks				
Argentina				
Consumer Disc	retionary		\$ 2,392	0.00 %
Energy			6,533	
Total Argentina		\$ 8,859	8,925	0.01 %
Australia				
Energy		4,003,555	3,655,484	5.15 %
Bermuda				
Consumer Disc	retionary		5,938	0.01 %
Energy			76,105	0.11 %
Financial			150,849	0.21 %
Information Tec	chnology		270,820	0.38 %
Total Bermuda		529,230	503,712	0.71 %
Brazil				
Energy			197,920	0.28 %
Materials			287,152	0.40 %
Telecommunicat	ion Services		6,520	0.01 %
Total Brazil		484,343	491,592	0.69 %
Britain				
Consumer Discre	etionary		6,541	0.01 %
Financials	·		9,584	0.01 %
Industrials			875,000	1.23 %
Information Tech	nology		959	0.00 %
Total Britain		865,596	892,084	1.25 %
Canada				
Consumer Discr	retionary		90,645	0.13 %
Consumer Stapl	<u>-</u>		1,132	0.00 %
Energy			687,723	0.97 %
Financials			31,887	0.04 %
Health Care			183,966	0.26 %
Industrials			13,473	0.02 %
Information Tec	hnology		14,658	0.02 %
Materials			974,853	1.37 %
Total Canada		1,987,313	1,998,337	2.81 %

*No component is greater than 5% of member's equity.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial schedule.

December 31, 2012

Unit Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
Unit Description	Cost	value	Investments
Cayman Islands			
Financials		\$ 3,370	0.01 %
Information Technology		2,405	0.00 %
Utilities		969	
Total Cayman Islands	\$ 6,459	6,744	0.01 %
China			
Consumer Staples		224	0.00 %
Health Care		129	0.00 %
Industrials		8	0.00 %
Information Technology		421,306	0.59 %
Materials		42	0.00 %
Total China	390,598	421,709	0.59 %
France Health Care	105,370	170,000	0.24 %
		<u> </u>	
Germany			
Financials	268,041	274,377	0.39 %
Greece			
Energy		7,680	0.01 %
Industrials		2,916	0.00 %
Total Greece	10,689	10,596	0.01 %
Hong Kong			
Consumer Discretionary	82,787	83,591	0.12 %
India			
Consumer Discretionary	2,299	1,966	0.00 %
Ireland			
Financials		5,502	0.01 %
Health Care		182,917	0.26 %
Industrials		8,057	0.01 %
Information Technology		375,393	0.53 %
Total Ireland	587,818	571,869	0.81 %
Israel			
Health Care		109	0.00 %
Information Technology		166,976	0.24 %
Telecommunication Services		202	
Total Israel	167,636	167,287	0.24 %

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial schedule.

Unit	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
Jersey			
Energy	\$ 909	<u>\$ 636</u>	
Luxembourg			
Financials	41,530	40,555	0.06 %
Netherlands			
Industrials		1,948	0.00 %
Information Technology		49,093	0.07 %
Materials		18,897	0.03 %
Total Netherlands	67,604	69,938	0.10 %
Norway			
Energy	1,306	1,383	0.00 %
Poland			
Consumer Staples	634	243	0.00 %
Puerto Rico			
Financials	2,162	2,183	0.00 %
Russia			
Information Technology	1,300	1,294	0.00 %
Singapore			
Information Technology	182,922	186,156	0.26 %
South Africa			
Information Technology		603	0.00 %
Materials		78,691	0.11 %
Total South Africa	86,738	79,294	0.11 %
South Korea			
Telecommunication Services		9,609	0.00 %
Utilities		6,510	0.01 %
Total South Korea	15,156	16,119	
Switzerland			
Consumer Discretionary		8,980	0.01 %
Energy		17,276	0.02 %
Financials		15,138	0.02 %
Industrial Goods		71,782	0.10 %
Technology		5,116	0.01 %
Total Switzerland	117,210	118,292	0.16 %

Condensed Schedule of Investments

December 31, 2012

	5. 1.4	a .		Market	Percentage of Net
Unit	Description	Cost		Value	Investments
	Turkey				
	Energy	\$	121	\$ 86	0.00 %
	United States				
	Consumer Discretionary			5,463,899	7.70 %
	Consumer Staples			2,078,962	2.93 %
	Energy			12,510,060	17.62 %
	Financials			5,871,486	8.27 %
	Health Care			4,131,488	5.82 %
	Industrials			7,859,668	11.07 %
	Information Technology			6,815,209	9.60 % 3
	Materials			7,464,011	10.51 % '
	Telecommunication Services			942,382	1.33 %
	Utilities			982,618	1.38 %
	Total United States	51,941,	<u>754</u>	54,119,783	76.23 %
	Virgin Islands				
	Financials		870	919	0.00 %
	Total common stocks	61,960,	<u>809</u>	63,895,152	90.00 %
	Exchange Traded Funds	3,099,	218	3,326,250	4.69 %
	Options				
	United States	3,776,	840	4,250,223	5.99 % 3
	Warrants				
	Canada	250,	000		0.00 %
	Bonds				
	Canada				
	Materials				
4,000,000	Thompson Creek Metals, 12.50% 05-01-19			3,860,000	5.43 %
	Other			3,154,698	4.45 %
	Total Canada	6,895,	071	7,014,698	9.88 %

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial schedule.

^{*}No component is greater than 5% of member's equity.

December 31, 2012

Unit	Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
	United States			
	Consumer Discretionary			
	MGM Resorts International, 4.25%, 04-15-15		\$ 7,935,975	11.18 %
	Other		4,103,750	5.78 % *
	Consumer Discretionary - Total		12,039,725	16.96 %
	Energy Health Care		11,721,265	16.51 % *
5,000,000	Isis Pharmaceuticals Inc., 2.75% 10-01-19		4,940,650	6.96 %
4,000,000	Wright Medical Group Inc., 2.00% 08-15-17		4,225,000	5.95 %
	Other		8,508,864	11.99 % *
	Health Care - Total		17,674,514	24.90 %
	Industrials		4,212,520	5.93 %
	Materials			
4,000,000	USD Stillwater Mining Co., 10-15-32		4,662,520	6.57 %
	Other		688,000	0.97 %
	Materials - Total		5,350,520	<u>7.54</u> %
	Telecommunication Services			
3,500,000	Clearwire Communicatios, 8.25% 12-01-40		3,836,875	5.40 %
	Other		1,988,282	2.80 %
	Telecommunication Services - Total		5,825,157	8.20 %
	Total United States	\$ 56,129,044	56,823,700	80.04 %
	Total bonds	63,024,115	63,838,399	89.92 %
	Futures		206,075	0.29 %
Т	otal securities owned, at fair value	\$ 132,110,982	\$ 135,516,091	190.88 %

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial schedule.

^{*}No component is greater than 5% of member's equity.

Unit Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
Securities sold, but not yet purchased,			
at fair value			
Common stocks			
Argentina			
Information Technology	\$ (72,206)	\$ (71,499)	0.10 %
Bahamas			
Consumer Discretionary	(14,468)	(14,457)	
Bermuda			
Consumer Discretionary		(11,294)	0.02 %
Energy		(2,586)	0.00 %
Financials		(83,165)	0.12 %
Industrials		(5,600)	
Total Bermuda	(102,054)	(102,645)	0.14 %
Brazil			
Energy	(3,424)	(3,462)	0.00 %
Britain			
Consumer Discretionary		(8,912)	0.01 %
Energy		(1,541)	0.00 %
Financials		(8,896)	0.01 %
Total Britain	(19,495)	(19,349)	0.02 %
Canada			
Consumer Discretionary		(15,389)	0.02 %
Consumer Staples		(1,013)	0.00 %
Energy		(503,260)	0.72 %
Financials		(36,249)	0.05 %
Health Care		(3,218)	0.00 %
Industrials		(357,965)	0.51 %
Information Technology		(7,600)	0.01 %
Materials		(1,288,516)	1.81 %
Telecommunication Services		(125,878)	0.18 %
Utilities		(9,038)	
Total Canada	(2,340,184)	(2,348,126)	3.31 %

Curacao Health Care (6,102) (6,371) 0.01 Greece Industrials (3,347) (2,616) 0.00 Ireland Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg (14,172) 0.00 Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (1,6,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (16,589) 0.23 Materials	Unit	Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
Curacao Health Care (6,102) (6,371) 0.01 Greece Industrials (3,347) (2,616) 0.00 Ireland Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 1.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 1.00		Cayman Islands			
Health Care (6,102) (6,371) 0.01 Greece Industrials (3,347) (2,616) 0.00 Ireland Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 1.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg (16,042) 0.02 Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (860) (960) 0.00 Penergy (860) (960) 0.00 Information Technology (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Information Technology (16,5896)		Consumer Staples	\$ (5,388)	\$ (3,558)	0.01 %
Greece Industrials (3,347) (2,616) 0.00 Ireland Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,659) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 0.02 Luxembourg (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Curacao			
Industrials		Health Care	(6,102)	(6,371)	0.01 %
Ireland Financials (2,506) 0.00		Greece			
Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Industrials	(3,347)	(2,616)	0.00 %
Financials (2,506) 0.00 Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Ireland			
Health Care (3,334) 0.00 Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01				(2,506)	0.00 %
Industrials (8,672) 0.01 Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Health Care			0.00 %
Technology (8,138) 0.01 Total Ireland (22,906) (22,650) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Industrials			0.01 %
Total Ireland (22,906) (22,659) 0.02 Israel Health Care (1,870) 0.00 Information Technology (14,172) 0.02 Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01					0.01 %
Health Care (1,870) 0.00 (14,172) 0.02 (14,172) 0.02 (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 (17,734) (1,747) 0.00 (1,747) 0.00 (1,747) 0.00 (1,747) 0.00 (1,747) 0.00 (1,747) (1,			(22,906)	(22,650)	0.02 %
Information Technology		Israel			
Total Israel (15,315) (16,042) 0.02 Luxembourg Lymphone (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Health Care		(1,870)	0.00 %
Luxembourg Materials (1,734) (1,747) 0.00 Monaco Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Information Technology		(14,172)	0.02 %
Monaco (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01			(15,315)	(16,042)	0.02 %
Monaco (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Luxembourg			
Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01			(1,734)	(1,747)	0.00 %
Energy (860) (960) 0.00 Netherlands Tenergy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Monaco			
Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01			(860)	(960)	0.00 %
Energy (16,287) 0.02 Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01		Netherlands			
Health Care (3,503) 0.00 Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01				(16.287)	0.02 %
Industrials (70,557) 0.10 Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01					0.00 %
Information Technology (165,896) 0.23 Materials (5,709) 0.01					0.10 %
Materials (5,709) 0.01					0.23 %
					0.01 %
Total Netherlands (256,768) (261,952) 0.36			(256,768)	(261,952)	0.36 %

Unit	Description	Cost	Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
	Panama			
	Financials		\$ (2,717)	0.00 %
	Industrials		(14,221)	0.02 %
	Total Panama	\$ (16,869)	(16,938)	0.02 %
	Peru			
	Financials	(22,912)	(23,010)	
	Puerto Rico			
	Financials		(63,782)	0.09 %
	Health Care		(2,216)	
	Total Puerto Rico	(61,268)	(65,998)	0.09 %
	Russia			
	Consumer Discretionary	(1,414)	(1,167)	0.00 %
	Singapore			
	Information Technology	(6,939)	(6,877)	0.01 %
	South Korea			
	Information Technology	(1,465)	(1,592)	<u> </u>
	Sweden			
	Consumer Discretionary	(11,813)	(12,265)	
	Switzerland			
	Energy		(20,051)	0.03 %
	Financials		(16,885)	0.02 %
	Industrials		(5,733)	0.01 %
	Total Switzerland	(42,547)	(42,669)	0.06 %

December 31, 2012

Unit	Description	Cost		Market Value	Percentage of Net Investments
	United States				
	Consumer Discretionary		\$	(5,260,750)	7.41 %
	Consumer Staples		•	(1,106,718)	1.56 %
	Energy			(4,166,699)	5.87 %
	Financials				
(42,053)	Standard & Poor's Depositary Receipts			(5,993,394)	8.44 %
	Other			(4,754,162)	6.70 %
	Financials - total			(10,747,556)	15.14 %
	Health Care				
(133,500)	Gilead Sciences Inc.			(9,805,575)	13.81 %
	Other		_	(8,615,921)	<u>12.14</u> %
	Health care - total			(18,421,496)	25.95 %
	Industrials			(5,130,694)	7.23 %
	Information Technology			(4,948,918)	6.97 %
	Materials			(8,547,073)	12.04 %
	Telecommunication Services			(138,932)	0.20 %
	Utilities			(2,429,960)	3.42 %
	Total United States	\$ (58,718,776)	_	(60,898,796)	85.78 %
	Total common stocks	(61,748,254)	_	(63,944,746)	90.07 %
	Bonds				
	United States				
	High Yield Bond Fund				
(138,000)	iShares iBoxx	(12,803,226)		(12,882,300)	<u>18.15</u> %
	Corporate Bond				
	Energy	(4,252,923)	_	(4,246,250)	5.98 %
	Total United States	(17,056,149)	_	(17,128,550)	24.13 %
	Luxembourg				
	Health Care	(1,134,208)		(1,102,500)	1.55 %
	Total bonds	(18,190,357)	_	(18,231,050)	25.68 %
	Futures			(32,125)	0.05 %
Т	otal securities sold, but not yet				
	purchased, at fair value	\$ (79,938,611)	\$	(82,207,921)	115.79 %

*No component is greater than 5% of member's equity. The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial schedule.

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. Statement of Operations Year ended December 31, 2012

REVENUES Net realized gain on investment transactions Net change in unrealized appreciation on investment transactions	\$ 1,709,645 2,153,574
Interest	2,576,139
Total revenues	6,439,358
EXPENSES	
Professional fees	93,900
Other fees	450,021
Total expenses	543,921
Net income	\$ 5,895,437

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. Statement of Changes in Member's Equity Year ended December 31, 2012

Balance, December 31, 2011	\$ 65,100,572
Net income	5,895,437
Balance, December 31, 2012	\$ 70,996,009

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 5,895,437
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets	
Securities owned, at fair value	(46,324,046)
Receivable from clearing broker, net	20,487,470
Other	(362,878)
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities	
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value	20,358,755
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(54,738)
Net cash provided by operating activities	
Cash, beginning of year	
Cash, end of year	\$ -
Supplemental cash flow disclosure:	
Interest paid during the year	\$

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Telemetry Securities, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company"), is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the American Stock Exchange, Inc. ("ASE"). The Company was established for the purpose of engaging in proprietary trading activities using strategies on a global basis in the form of trading in domestic and foreign securities and other financial instruments.

The Company's manager is Telemetry Investments, L.L.C. ("Investment Manager"). The Company's only member, during the year ended December 31, 2012, was Telemetry Fund I, L.P. ("L.P."). The investment objectives and restrictions of the L.P. apply to the Company as if those investments were made directly by the L.P. Their loss is limited to the amount of their investment.

The Company shall continue until December 31, 2030, unless otherwise sooner dissolved or extended by Telemetry Investments, L.L.C. in its capacity as managing member of the Company.

As the Company clears all transactions through another broker-dealer, it is exempt from the provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3 in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of that Rule.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis. Resulting realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statement of operations.

Interest income and expense are recorded on an accrual basis and recognized as earned or incurred. Dividend income is recognized on ex-date. Realized gains and losses are determined using the first-in, first-out method.

The Company's functional currency is U.S. dollars. Securities traded on foreign exchanges in other currencies are valued by translating foreign-denominated prices into U.S. dollars, based upon quoted exchange rates as of December 31, 2012. The effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on investments in securities are not segregated in the statement of operations from the effects of changes in market prices of those securities, but are included with the net realized and unrealized gain and losses on securities.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

Securities Owned and Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased

The Company values securities owned and securities sold, but not yet purchased that are listed on a national securities exchange or quoted on NASDAQ at the last sale price on the primary exchange on which such securities are traded or, if no sale occurs, such security will be valued at the last "bid" price, or, in the case of short positions, at the last "ask" price. Over-the-counter securities not quoted on NASDAQ will be valued at the last "bid" price on that date, or, in the case of short positions, at the last "ask" price.

Valuation of Portfolio Investments

The Company utilizes various methods to measure the fair value of most of its investments on a recurring basis. US GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation methods. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The three levels of inputs are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs may include quoted prices for the identical instrument on an inactive market, prices for similar instruments, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, default rates and similar data.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, to the extent relevant observable inputs are not available, representing the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability, and would be based on the best information available.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets, and other characteristics particular to the security. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Investments in securities listed on a national exchange are valued at the composite close price on the day of valuation. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale is reported on that date are stated at a mean of the current bid and asked prices.

At December 31, 2012, the Company's Level 2 portfolio investments were valued by a third-party pricing service for which the prices are not adjusted and for which inputs are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full character of the financial instrument, or inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market information.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

At December 31, 2012, the Company's Level 3 portfolio investment is valued based on dealer quotes.

Receivable from Clearing Broker

Receivable from clearing broker includes cash held at the clearing broker, Merrill Lynch Professional Clearing Corporation (the "Clearing Broker"). Substantially all of the Company's cash and securities are held with the Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker provides the Company with securities borrowed transactions to cover delivery requirements on short securities in exchange for deposits held at the Clearing Broker.

Income Taxes

No provision for federal or state income taxes has been made since the Company is not a taxable entity and each member is liable for the taxes on their respective share of the Company's income or loss. In accordance with US GAAP, the Company recognizes the tax benefits of certain tax positions only when the position is "more likely than not" to be sustained assuming examination by federal tax authorities. As of and during the year ended December 31, 2012, management has analyzed the Company's tax positions taken on the federal income tax returns and concluded that the Company did not require a provision for any uncertain tax positions. The Company's open tax years (2008 through 2012) are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of \$100,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, whichever is greater. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day, but as of December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$38,599,327, which exceeded its requirement of \$100,000 by \$38,499,327. At December 31, 2012, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.00. The capital rules of the SEC and the ASE provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if resulting net capital would be less than the minimum requirements. Additionally, the capital rules of the SEC and ASE also provide that the Company must promptly notify the SEC and the ASE about the withdrawal(s) of equity capital assuming such withdrawal(s) exceed(s) certain percentages of the Company's excess net capital.

Proprietary accounts held at the Clearing Broker ("PAIB assets") are considered allowable assets in the computation of net capital pursuant to an agreement between the Company and the Clearing Broker which requires, among other things, that the Clearing Broker perform a computation of PAIB assets similar to the customer reserve computation set forth in Rule 15c3-3.

4. CAPITAL ACCOUNT

The capital account is comprised of initial and subsequent contributions less any withdrawals made during the period. The Investment Manager of the Company may admit additional members or capital contributions on the first day of each fiscal quarter or at such time as the Investment Manager in its discretion sees fit. Each member has the right to withdraw, within 45 days of giving prior written notice to the Investment Manager, its capital account balance, as defined, from the Company effective as of June 30 or December 31 of any fiscal year occurring on or after the first anniversary of the initial capital contribution.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

During the year ended December 31, 2012, the Investment Manager of the Company placed a monthly expense cap of 75 basis points of monthly adjusted opening capital annually for operating expenses. The excess of the expense cap amounted to \$413,593, which was accounted for as a reduction in other fees. The amount due to the Investment Manager as of December 31, 2012 of \$510 represents the net of expenses paid for on behalf of the Company by the Investment Manager and the amounts owed to the Company by the Investment Manager under the monthly expense cap.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

Because the Company invests in non-listed securities, or other over-the-counter transactions, the Company may be exposed to credit risk with regard to parties with whom it trades and may also bear the risk of settlement default. These risks may differ materially from the risks associated with exchange-traded transactions. Transactions entered directly between two counterparties expose the parties to the risk of counterparty default. To limit the credit risk associated with such transactions, the Company conducts business with counterparties that the Investment Manager believes to be well established.

The Company is subject to certain inherent risks arising from its investing activities of selling securities short. The ultimate cost to the Company to acquire these securities may exceed the liability reflected in these financials.

Credit risk represents the potential loss that the Company would incur if counterparties failed to perform pursuant to the terms of their obligation to the Company, reduced by the value of any collateral and other available assets. The Company is exposed to credit risk as a majority of its assets are held by one custodian in one or more margin accounts which may provide less segregation of customer assets than would be the case with a more conventional custody arrangement. The Company's transactions involving securities sold short are carried out through established financial institutions.

Accounting guidance for Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities requires qualitative disclosures about objectives and strategies for using derivatives, quantitative disclosures about fair value amounts of and gains and losses on derivative instruments, and disclosures about credit-risk related contingent features in derivative agreements. The required disclosures are reflected within this footnote.

Derivative Activities

The Company utilizes derivatives occasionally as part of its overall trading strategy. It enters into options on specific securities as well as securities' index options. It also occasionally enters into commodities and interest rate sensitive futures on a risk basis. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the total net trading gains on options were approximately \$1,284,000 (composed of an unrealized loss of \$372,000 and a realized gain of \$1,656,000) and a net trading loss on futures was approximately \$274,000 (composed of an unrealized gain of \$216,000 and a realized loss of \$490,000).

As of December 31, 2012, the Company was long 9,964 option contracts on specific securities with a notional value of approximately \$46,000,000.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

6. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

Investments are classified within the level of the lowest significant input considered in determining fair value. In evaluating the level at which the Company's investments have been classified, the Company has assessed factors including, but not limited to, price transparency, subscription activity, redemption activity and the existence or absence of certain restrictions.

The table below sets forth information about the level within the fair values hierarchy at which the Company's investments are measured at December 31, 2012:

		Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3		Total
ASSETS						
Securities owned, at fair value						
Common stock	\$	63,895,152	\$ -	\$ -	\$	63,895,152
Exchange traded funds		3,326,250	-	-		3,326,250
Futures		-	206,075	-		206,075
Options		-	4,250,223	-		4,250,223
Bonds		<u> </u>	 63,138,399	 700,000		63,838,399
Total securities owned, at fair value	<u>\$</u>	67,221,402	\$ 67,594,697	\$ 700,000	<u>\$</u>	135,516,099
LIABILITIES						
Securities sold, but not yet purchased,						
at fair value						
Common stock	\$	63,944,746	\$ -	\$ -	\$	63,944,746
Futures		-	32,125	-		32,125
Bonds		-	 18,231,050	 -		18,231,050
Total securities sold, but not yet						
purchased, at fair value	\$	63,944,746	\$ 18,263,175	\$ •	\$	82,207,921

There were no transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy for assets measured at fair value for the period.

All transfers are recognized by the Company at the end of each reporting period. Transfers between Levels 1 and 2 generally relate to whether a market becomes active or inactive. Transfers between Levels 2 and 3 generally relate to whether significant relevant observable inputs are available for the fair value measurement in their entirety. See Note 1 for additional information related to the fair value hierarchy and valuation techniques and inputs.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

The following table provides quantitative information about our Level 3 fair value measurements of our investments as of December 31, 2012. In addition to the techniques and inputs noted in the table below, according to our valuation policy we may also use other valuation techniques and methodologies when determining our fair value measurements. The below table is not intended to be all-inclusive, but rather provides information on the significant Level 3 inputs as they relate to our fair value measurements.

Investments in Financial Instruments, at Fair Value	as of mber 31, 2012	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs
Corporate bonds	\$ 700,000	Quoted prices from broker	Bid/Ask

The following table present additional information about Level 3 assets measured at fair value. Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions that the fund has categorized within the Level 3 category. As a result, the unrealized gains and losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs.

Changes in Level 3 assets measured at fair value for the year ended December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance January 1, 2012	ι	ealized and Jnrealized Gains (Losses)		Level 3 Purchases	Ending Balance December 31, 2012	Change in Unrealized Losses for Investments Still Held at December 31, 2012
Assets (at fair value)							
Investments in securities							
Corporate bonds	<u> </u>	\$	(300,000)	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000	\$ 700,000	\$ (300,000)
Total investments in securities	\$ -	\$	(300,000)	\$	1,000,000	\$ 700,000	\$ (300,000)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

7. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the Company for the year are as follows:

Total return (1)	9.06 %
Ratio to average net assets (2)	0.82 %
Professional fees and other expenses	0.01 %
Total expenses	0.82 %
Net investment income (3)	3.05 %
Realized gain and change in unrealized appreciation (4)	5.79 %

- Total return represents the change in value of a theoretical investment by comparing the aggregate beginning and ending values of member's capital, adjusted for cash flows related to capital contributions or withdrawals during the year. An individual investor's return may vary from this return based on the timing of capital transactions.
- Average net assets were derived from the beginning and ending member's capital balance for the year, adjusted for cash flows related to capital contributions and withdrawals during the year. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the average net assets amounted to \$66,686,526.
- (3) Net investment income (loss) was derived from the statement of operations and is the net of interest and other revenue less professional and other fees.
- (4) Net realized gain and change in unrealized appreciation includes transaction expenses and rebate income

8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There have been no subsequent events through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. The Company has determined that there are no material events that would require disclosure in the Company's financial statements.



TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2012

Net capital Member's equity qualified for net capital Deductions and/or charges	\$ 70,996,009
Nonallowable assets and other deductions	
Futures margin charge	(893,000)
Bonds	(700,000)
Investment in ML JBO	(20,000)
Nonallowable assets and other deductions	(1,613,000)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	69,383,009
Haircuts on securities	(30,783,682)
Net capital	38,599,327
Minimum net capital requirement - the greater of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$510 or \$100,000	100,000
Excess net capital	\$ 38,499,327
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.0000
Exemption provision under Rule 15c3-3	
The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption pursuant.	
Excess net capital as reported in the Company's December 31 January 25, 2013 was \$39,784,359.	, 2012 unaudited Form X-17a-5 Part IIA filed on
Unaudited excess net capital	\$ 39,784,359
Adjustment to net capital for haircuts on securities	(1,285,032)
Excess net capital as adjusted	\$ 38,499,327







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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C.



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments ("General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)") to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Telemetry Securities, L.L.C., Inc. (the "Company") and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC, and solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements.

This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries (check copy), noting no differences.
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences.
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences.
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York February 28, 2013

Grant Thousans UP

SIPC-7

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

SIPC-7

(33-REV 7/10)

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the liscal year ended 12/31/2012 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

TO BE FILED BY AL	L SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL TO	EAR EUDINGS
1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examinical Durposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17 051846 ASE DEC TELEMETRY SECURITIES LLC 6*8 545 5TH AVE RM 1108 NEW YORK NY 10017-3630	A-5: No ma any ind	te: If any of the information shown on the illing label requires correction, piease e-mail corrections to form@sipc.org and so leate on the form filed. The and telephone number of person to stact respecting this form. The Received Action 1988 A
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)		s 16783, W
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclud		1715.28
D-1-2-2-4	**	
Date Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied		1
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		15067.83
	doug at 700 per an	
E. Interest computed on late payment (see ins	•	\$ 15067.83
F. Total assessment balance and interest due	(or overpayment carried torward)	*
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	s 150 67.	83
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$()
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included	in this form (give name and 1934 Act reg	pistration number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete. Dated the Z day of	days after the end of the fiscal year.	Authorized Signature) Control of Cities (Title)
E Dates:		The state of the s
Postmarked Received	Reviewed	
Calculations	Documentation	Forward Copy
Exceptions:		
Dates: Postmarked Received Calculations Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	_	
	-	

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT	Amounts for the fiscal period beginning $\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{20}{1}$ and ending $\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{1}{1}$, $\frac{1}{1}$
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	Eliminate cents 6439357
2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	- 6/2/
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	273885
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
(Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	<u> </u>
Total deductions	0=15
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	s 67/3242
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ 16783.11 (to page 1, line 2.A.)





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Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm's Report on on Internal Control Required by Sec Rule 17a-5

TELEMETRY SECURITIES, L.L.C. (a Delaware limited liability company)



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INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Member of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Telemetry Securities, L.L.C. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control and for the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal

control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in the Company's internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, New York February 28, 2013

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